

外研版（一起）六年级英语下册 Module 10 Unit 2 练习题

【典型例题】

动词专练

一、巩固练习。

1. His father_____any washing in the morning.
A. doesn' t do B. doesn' t have C. doesn' t does D. doesn' t
2. I_____1000 English words by the end of last term.
A. have learned B. had learned C. would learn D. was learning
3. How long_____you_____the bicycle?
A. have...bought B. have...had
C. did...buy D. do...buy
4. My brother knows London very well. He _____ there many times.
A. has been B. has gone C. was D. went
5. The children want to know if Miss Green_____free tomorrow.
A. is B. is going to C. will D. will be
6. Listen, the music_____nice.
A. sounds B. is sounding C. is sound D. was sounding
7. He_____early every morning from now on.
A. gets up B. does get up C. does gets up D. will get up
8. Our teacher told us that light_____faster than sound.
A. traveled B. travels C. was traveled D. had traveled
9. Mr. Brown is not at home. He_____to the library.
A. has gone B. has been C. had been D. had gone
10. He said he would go to the cinema with us if he_____free.
A. is B. were C. was D. will be
11. Tom _____ his homework after breakfast.
A. don' t B. doesn' t C. don' t do D. doesn' t do
12. Jenny _____a letter to her mother three days ago.
A. wrote B. writes C. write D. has written
13. He _____ with us yesterday morning.
A. doesn' t go swimming B. goes swimming
C. didn' t go swimming D. went to swimming
14. There _____a basketball match on our school the day after tomorrow.
A. will have B. will be C. is going to have D. would have
15. _____ you _____ us a talk this afternoon?
A. Are, giving B. Are, given C. Will, give D. Were, going to give
16. Look! Li Lei _____ Jim with his Chinese.
A. is helping B. has helped C. is going to help D. would help
17. Don' t make any noise. The baby _____ .
A. has slept B. is slept C. will sleep D. is sleeping
18. The students of Class 3 _____a football game now. Let' s go and watch.
A. are having B. will have C. is having D. will be had

19. How many English songs ____ you ____ by the end of last term?
A. have, learned B. did, learn C. had, learned D. were, learned
20. My mother ____ breakfast while I ____ my face this morning.
A. cooked, was cooking B. was cooking, was washing
C. was cooking D. would cook, was washing

二、用下列动词的适当形式填空。

- He told me that he ____ (visit) the Summer Palace the next day.
 - Who has borrowed the dictionary? I want to use it.
—Miss Li. She ____ (keep) it for a week.
 - The old man ____ (die) last summer. He ____ (die) for eight months.
 - Father ____ (cook) when I got home.
 - Mr. Smith told us he ____ (show) the guests around the factory.
- Keys: 1. would visit 2. has kept 3. died, has been dead
4. was cooking 5. would show 或者 had shown
- In winter when your clothes ____ (wash), it is not easy to get them dry.
 - ____ the twins ____ (return) yet?
—Yes. They ____ (have) a rest in the room now.
 - It ____ (rain) but it ____ (stop) now.
 - All the children ____ (keep) quiet though their teacher was not there.
 - The boy ____ (read) a story book now.

Keys:

一、

- A do some washing 洗衣服，它的否定形式前面要加助动词 do 来完成
- B by+时间段，是过去完成时态的标志
- B how long 提问一般是完成时
- A have been... 去过……很多次了
- D 从 tomorrow 可以知道用将来时态
- A sound 在这里是做系动词，接形容词，构成系表结构。
- D from now on 从现在起
- B 说明科学实际的事实，用一般现在时态。
- A have gone to... 去什么地方(还没回来)；have been to 去了什么地方(已经回来了)。从上下文可以看出这里应该用一般现在时态。
- C 这是条件状语从句过去时态，前半句用的是将来过去时，后面就该用一般过去时态。
- D 第一个 do 是助动词，其后只能跟动词原形，与 not 及其他动词结合构成否定句，第二个 do 是词组 do one's homework; 主语是第三人称单数，所以选 D
- A 从 three days ago 可以知道应该用一般过去时态。
- C 从 yesterday morning 可以知道应该用一般过去时态。
- B 从时间状语 the day after tomorrow 可以知道这句是将来时态
- C 这句话的意思是：今天下午你要给我们演讲吗？从意思上来说这个事情还没发生，所以应该是将来时态。
- A 由“Look!” 可以知道应该用一般进行时态
- D “不要弄出声音，婴儿在睡觉”从上下文语境可以得出是现在进行时态
- A “now” 可以知道时态为现在进行时态，主要为复数，所以选 A

19. C by+时间段是过去完成时的标志

20. B 2 个动作是同时进行的

Keys:

二、

6. are washed

7. Have...returned; are having

8. rained...has stopped

9. kept

10. is reading